

A quarterly newsletter of vironmental Protection Society

Editorial Board

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 - Akbar Zeb
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EDITORIAL



Needed Climate Response Strategies for Pakistan

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Climate change-related disaster risks stemming from global warming, abnormal changes in weather patterns, and extreme events such as heat waves in large parts of Europe, Asia and Australia, droughts in western parts of US, snow storms, cyclones, and heavy precipitation or lack of it have increased to enhance flooding, flash flooding, coastal flooding, glacial lake outburst floods, landslides and edge failure, river bank and land erosion causing colossal human, livestock, infrastructure and other material losses and damages.

The Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) 2014 has testified these. Taking urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts is among the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and about 25 targets in 10 of 17 SDGs relate to disaster risk reduction. The Paris Agreement 2015 has also revitalized the importance of SDG on climate change and developed consensus to bring forward coordinated efforts to deal with the agenda. Pakistan, a developing country, fosters its agriculture based economy towards an industrialized with fairly very low contribution of 0.5% towards the world's Carbon Dioxide emissions (UNFCC, 2007). The current scenario of Pakistan so far has

no significant contribution towards global warming but highly vulnerable to the impact of climate change.

It would be pretty wise to say that climate change is today an inescapable reality for Pakistan and is beginning to manifest itself through increasing intensity and ferocity. Pakistan, owing to its peculiar geographical circumstances, is highly impacted by climate changes, making it one of the most vulnerable countries in the long-term Global Climate Risk Index (CRI) developed maintained by GermanWatch. It is one of the 10 most affected countries although the lowest contributor to climate change and is therefore one of the worst victims of "climate injustice". Dealing with climate change is no longer a choice for the country - it is an imperative which it has to cope with and adapt to.

Pakistan is facing multiple threats relating to climate change especially for adaptation; aggravating the already aggravated situation in the country. Health, climate refuges, wide spread of disease and pests, loss of biodiversity etc. would be other areas of major concern for Pakistan to set its adaptation strategy. It is predicted that there would be 2.5 to 10 percent decrease in the yield of crops in 2020s

and 5 to 30 percent decrease in 2050s from the levels of 1990s in Asia (IPCC, 2007). Droughts (especially of 1998-2002), had drastic impacts on agriculture and livestock production, and forced people to migrate in certain areas of Balochistan, Sindh, Khyber Pakhtunkhwaand Gilgit Batltistan provinces.

Monsoon rains and glaciers are two sources of water availability in Pakistan whereby glacier resources are depleting while the extent and severity of floods also increasing, however, the impact would differ across different regions. The GLOF is the factual scenario and rationale to focus on climate response strategies especially in alpine areas which is highly vulnerable area in Pakistan.

Despite the pertinent need for climate preparedness, the current governance framework in Pakistan fails to comprehensively address the issue. Though, Pakistan is currently working on a series of policy responses to climate change including adaptation policies, NAMA, CDM, REDD+, LAPA, energy policies, DRR etc. But, in the context of 25 MEAs including UNFCCC signed by Pakistan, the 18th amendment in constitution of Pakistan as well as legal arrangements viz sectoral economies have rendered many governance related challenges towards climate preparedness despite the fact that National Climate Change Policy 2011 and its implementation framework are now in place but with implications at federal and provincial levels.

The failure of originally submitted national statement for Intended Nationally Determined Contributions (INDCs) clearly indicates lack of coordination with provinces as well as poor preparation /or capacity gaps at policy and diplomatic level engagement by the Government functionaries. As we are aware of development needs but there is no justification to discourage or halt integration of climate response measures into development paradigm. We have to do a lot of efforts on all diplomatic fronts viz climate negotiations concerned. We have good examples from our sectoral initiatives, like interventions on renewables, to be sailed through global climate

negotiations with a good revised statement for INDCs.

We must be very clear about future climate threats to our country on diplomatic fronts especially in the context of transboundary water issues. We can build a very good case in the context of climate change, if supported with a good research work. The federal government is not only important but also the provincial governments to devise a comprehensive and coordinated strategic response on this anticipated challenge.

It is critical to provide a strategic framework for the institutional arrangements to implement climate change policies in national viz-a-viz provincial context. The option now is to assess, plan, strategize and act at national, provincial and sectoral levels. The involvement and engagement of multistakeholders including civil society organizations is critical to success. Their collective strength, and coordinated and collaborative working is equally important for achieving synergy in results.

It is fact that the complexity of vulnerability entails adaptation and resilience measures need to be taken to cope with the climate challenge. The demand for future development entails an avenue for mitigation as well as low carbon development measures. A rapid assessment of existing gaps and weaknesses of the current governance system provides basis for choosing preparedness options or making strategies in accordance with climate compatible development philosophy. The climate diplomacy, duly supported by empirical research, should be made integral part of foreign policies and processes.

The provincial governments are in need of a clear roadmap with a framework approach for good climate governance by adopting sector specific preparedness strategies for which energy sector is highly important where renewable options should be promoted in all provinces, at large. The context of local governance system cannot be neglected and a lot needs to be done in terms of developing capacities for a good response measure.

EPS Updates

Minutes of the 24th Annual General Body Meeting

The annual General Body meeting was held at EPS Office on February 21, 2016 under the chairmanship of Prof. Abdul Wahab Khan, Chairman EPS at EPS head office. After introductory session the Chairman thanked the participants for their continue support to the Society. Progress for the year 2015 was shown through video and all the participants appreciated the progress and the unique style of presentation.

Following the presentation, in the question answer session and open discussion the following decisions were approved.

- 1. The House gave suggestions for improvement of the documentary, which were noted.
- 2. The house also suggested that the medium of the video should be Pashto as well.
- They suggested trainings for the staff of WaterAid project for effective delivery of the program and to establish a model school with regard to environment.
- 4. The house also suggested revival of the clusters formed by EPS in Swat. They further suggested to arrange Capacity building training for the clusters.
- 5. The house recommend to the management to expand the core activities to other areas and in this regard decided to hold the upcoming world Forest day in Tehsil Khwazakhela.
- 6. At the end the house approved the proposed budget for the year 2016 and also approved post of pre- auditor for EPS.

Following are the Annual General Body Meeting, the Council selected Prof. Abdul Wahab Khan as a Chairman, Prof. Fazal Subhan Afghani as a Vice-Chairman and Mr. Mian Bakht Zada as Press Secretary for the year 2016. From the General Body members Mr. Iftikhar Ali Khan, Mr. Muhammad Haseeb Khan and Mian Bakht Zada had submitted applications for membership of the Council. The House selected all of them as there was no need of election. After the General Body meeting the sitting Council held a meeting on the same day and the Council further nominated Mr. Hamidullah Khan and Prof. Fazal Subhan Afghani as Councilors. The Council also selected Prof. Abdul Wahab Khan as a Chairman, Prof. Fazal Subhan Afghani as a Vice-Chairman and Mr. Mian Bakht Zada, as a Press Secretary for the year 2016.



Meeting of Social Accountability Network Pakistan (SAN-P):

EPS representative, Mr. Masroor Ahmad (Programs Manager) participated in the General Body Meeting of the Social Accountability Network Pakistan (SAN-P) meeting on January 11, 2016 which was facilitated by Center for Governance and Public Accountability (CGPA) Office Peshawar. Different issues were discussed and voting on new Chairman was conducted. The GB selected Mr. Zubair from SRSP having provincial setup as new Chairman for two years. EPS is active member of the network and will provide support to the network on need basis.

Pakistan Panel on Climate Change Workshop:

EPS representative Mr. Masroor Ahmad (Program Manager) participated in first ever stakeholders workshop to establish Pakistan Panel on Climate Change (PPCC) on January 13, 2016. The workshop was organized by Sustainable Development Center (SDC), Islamabad and was hosted by Institute of Policy Studies (IPS), Islamabad. The workshop



included technical sessions and business session. EPS has been included in the list of information dissemination and in future joint strategies will be sorted out being the best forum to participate at country level.



Monitoring Visit of WaterAid Representative

Ms. Nazia Ayyub - M&E Officer WaterAid in Pakistan had a two days visit on 15 and 16 of March 2016 to the schools of District Swat as per the Project Plan of "Girls Friendly WASH in schools & community" implemented by EPS. Purpose of the visit was for monitoring and evaluation of the 07 schools sites where the WATSAN activities have been undertaken. On March 15, 2016, the field monitoring visit was conducted to four target schools while on March 16, 2016, the team comprising of EPS project staff & WaterAid

representatives visited 08 target schools. Moreover, Ms Nazia visited the awareness session on WASH rights & MHM at GGMS Sangota Swat.





Monitoring & Certification visit By District WASH Forum Members

A monitoring and certification visit by District WASH Forum members was organized on March 11, 2016 under "Girls friendly WASH in Schools and Community Project". Objective of the visit was to visit some of the targeted schools under the



project and to put forward their recommendations. In this regard Ms. Karishma Khan, Advocacy & Liaison Officer along with District WASH Forum

members – Ms. Fazilat Siddique ADO Education Dept., Ms. Shah Izzat Tehsil Counselor and Mr. Zahir Shah of Public Health Engineering Dept. (PHED) visited 3 schools – GGHS Matta, GGHS Manglor and GGMS Rahim Abad. Visit of the members was envisioned to see the sites which were either constructed, rehabilitated or still under construction and to ensure transparency and accountability of the interventions by EPS & WaterAid in Pakistan. Moreover the report was compiled and submitted in which the valuable



inputs, suggestions and recommendations of the members are painstakingly given to further enhance the quality of what EPS under its WASH project is intervening in the targeted schools of District Swat, KPK.

Training of School Management Committee Members on WASH Rights & MHM

EPS in collaboration with WaterAid in Pakistan is implementing a project named; "Girls Friendly WASH in Schools & Community" which conducted



two days training for WASH club and teachers on WASH rights and MHM on 3 and 4 of March, 2016. Ms. Naheed Begum - Hygiene Promoter and Ms. Kalsoom Omer - Hygiene Promoter facilitated

the event. The training was primarily focused on WASH allied activities. The participants were taught how to keep healthy by mere adopting natural aseptic practices. The problems generated as a result of exposed defecation were addressed. Objective of the training was to ensure and promote the importance of health and hygiene practices mainly focusing on managing menstruation with dignity. The teachings of event especially menstrual hygiene



management was aimed to be further disseminated in the community through the participants as the matter has always been a taboo to be debated.

Workshop on WASH Rights for Everyone, Everywhere

AGAHE-One of the partners of WaterAid in Pakistan conducted a consultative workshop at Provincial Level under the title "WASH Rights for Everyone Everywhere" dated February 23, 2016 at Lahore. Ms. Karishma Khan – Advocacy & Liaison



Officer EPS, Ms. Naheed - ASDEO Education Department and Ms. Nadia – Tehsil counselor participated in the event. Different major stakeholders including the government officials, decision makers in the Government and the

Parliamentarians were invited on the occasion to advocate for the consideration of the MHM as a major health issue. Purpose of the event was to advocate for integration and provision of inclusive gender friendly WASH services for the marginalized groups at institutional as well as community level.

Training on Photography & Documentation

WaterAid in Pakistan held Documentation and Learning workshop from 04 to 05 March 2016 in Karachi. Mr. Shakeel – Project Manager and Ms. Karishma Khan – Advocacy & Liaison Officer participated in the training on behalf of Environmental Protection Society. NRSP, HANDS, AGAHE, Sukar Foundation, AWAZ and Muslim



Aid took part in the event. Mr. Neil Wissink, Manager Photography - WaterAid, trained WaterAid Partners. The training was all about to ensure quality documentation and visual impact of the project. Objectives of the event were to build capacity regarding learning documentation for



project effectiveness and understanding the practical experience on learning documentation & Photography. Likewise, the structure & style for documentation, kinds of stories, gathering a case study, interview techniques, making professional & graphical pictorial rapports were the scorching theme of the event. Bottom line of the training was to address WASH relevant issues to rest of the World through effective Documentation & Photography to raise fund for addressing WASH needs of the people.

Training Workshop on Policy Advocacy and Influencing for WASH Programming:

A three days training workshop was organized by WaterAid in Pakistan on "Policy Advocacy and Influencing for WASH Programming" from March 29-31, 2016 in Hotel Ambassador, Islamabad. Mr. Masroor Ahmad (Program Manager) and Ms. Karishma Khan (Advocacy & Liasion Officer)



participated in the event. Year 1 of the program in partnership with WaterAid in Pakistan has been ended and next year EPS have to focus on advocacy level interventions. This training was very helpful



for EPS to engage relevant stakeholders in the process and do action planning for the tasks for the Year 2 (2016-2017).

Project Expansion and Deepening

Under PM-IFL EPS have been granted project expansion to two more adjacent Union Councils Koz Abakhel and Hazara due to outstanding



performance in the existing Union Councils of Totano Bandai and Koza Bandai Rs.2.6 Millions fund has been allotted for the new UCs to cover 1300 loans up to March 2016 in these UCs. In the last quarter of 2016 EPS disbursed 871 loans amounting 1.74 Million rupees. Meanwhile revolving of fund recovered in old Union Councils



Totano Bandai and Koza Bandai have been started. People of the area are very happy and satisfied with EPS activities.

Broad Based Community Meetings (BBCM)

Environmental Protection Society (EPS) implemented early recovery project for earthquake affectees of district Shangla with project title "Transitional Shelter Support for earthquake affected families District Shangla" in collaboration with Concern worldwide Rapid Fund. Under this projects EPS constructed 250 transitional shelters to supports & protect

earthquake affectees from severe winter conditions in union council Raniyal and Sarkool of Shangla district. Sixteen Broad Based Community Meetings were held in the target Union Councils. Objective was to introduce, the project, Concern (the donor)



and EPS (the implementing partners). Participants of these meetings were mostly the village elders and activists. During these meetings beneficiary selection criteria, Complaint Response Mechanism were discussed in detail with communities' member for conceptualization and understanding. A total of 378 beneficiaries were identified and interviewed by EPS in 09 villages of Union council Raniyal and Sarkool of district Shangla and 265 families were selected when transitional shelters were construction.

Visit of EPS Management to District Shangla

Mr Israr Ul Haq, (Monitoring and Evaluation Manager) and Mr. Masroor Ahmad (Program Manager) visited EPS Office at Besham. Jan Alam (Project Manager) shared Project progress in detail and after that the team visited Village Bakaro Jai Chichloo of union council Raniyal. Purpose of the visit was to monitor beneficiaries selection process



and then progress review meeting was held.

CONCERN Worldwide Team Visit to Shangla

Mr. Aneel Ahmad (Program Officer Concern worldwide Rapid Fund) visited EPS field office Besham. Purpose was to monitor the beneficiaries



selection process and verification of registered beneficiaries. Mr Aneel Ahmad Along with Jan Alam (PM), Sajid Ali (PE) Visited village Maseer Sar union council Sarkool and Bar Sangrai union council Raniyal and randomly visited 30 beneficiaries houses in both villages. Meetings were conducted with communities for assessment.

World Water Day

EPS celebrated World Water Day under the theme WASH tag# "Go Blue 4 Water" on 22 March, 2016 as a mean of focusing & grabbing attention on the importance of clean, nontoxic & hygienic water and



advocating for the sustainable management of accessible freshwater resources. The event was celebrated in Government Girls Middle School Allabad of District Swat. Miss Naheed Akhtar – ASDEO Education Department was the chief guest. She distributed gifts among the girls.

Moreover the students, teachers, community and GWP-EPS staff doubled the pleasure by wearing blue dresses and their faces painted with blue water drop as observance of the day. Water stands at the heart of the new 2030 agenda for sustainable development. At the end of the event all the



participants vowed to conserve the water by standing consolidated not only with those 38.7 million of Pakistanis who lack access to clean and safe drinking water but all those 783 million people across the world who are deprived of this exquisite natural gift.

PPAF and KfW Representative Visit to EPS Buner

KFW representative visited the office of EPS at Buner on 23rd February, 2016 to monitor LACIP's CPI schemes. The PPAF team comprising of Mr.



Asad Ullah Saleem Senior Manager CPI and KFW representative Mr. Shahid and EPS team comprising of Mr.Sher Ali-Project Engineer, Mr.Ziad khan-Field Engineer and Mr. Sajid Khan-HRDO visited the village Laalu and verified the integration

through Link Road in context of health, education and Livelihood. After their visit to Laalu they visited UC Nawagai CO Al-meezan (Link Road) and Bahar Bara Serai (suspension bridge) where four villages have been connected by construction of Suspension Bridge.



their closing In remarks the team appreciated highly the activities completed by EPS and they were of the view that **PPAF** expect the same quality of work in future as well.

PPR CPI Scheme Monitoring

Programme for Poverty Reduction (PPR) is a joint venture of PPAF and EPS. It is basically a funding from Government of Italy with the main donor agency PPAF. Programme for Poverty Reduction comprises of five components namely Institutional Development (ID), Livelihood Enhancement & Protection (LEP), Education, Health & Nutration (HEN), and Community Physical Infrastructure (CPI). beauty of the project lies in the participation of the local community right from the planning to



the executions of the project activities.

Community Physical Infrastructure is the main component of PPR. EPS technical team strictly monitors the ongoing activities in the targeted areas and arranges frequent and planned visits to the sites with close collaboration with the local communities and necessary technical inputs and guidance is provided for the sustainability and cost effectiveness of the project.



Monitoring of Training

Monitoring visits were made for monitoring of "Loan Center training for CLF member" in Islamabad and Craft Based "Hunar Ki Manzil" in Gari Habibullah Balakot-Mansehra was made by Mr. Saleem Khan (Project Manager) and Mr. Israrul-Haq M&E Manager EPS.

Loan Center Training for CLF:

EPS in partnership with PPAF is implementing Batch-65 project in 05 Union Councils of Kabal Tehsil district Swat. Institute of Rural Management (IRM) was selected as Training Service Provider. The IRM conducted the training. For the different topics related 2 Strategic Planning and Business Plan for Loan Center were facilitated by professionals. The trainees were highly satisfied



and termed it a very good initiative of EPS-PPAF that they arranged training for them.

VO Formation Khadiman e Paindah Shah

On 25th November, 2015 EPS-PPR formed a village organization named "Khadiman e Paindah Shah".

Mr. Syed Zarin Shah (PM ID) and Hamayatullah Khan (Social Organizer) coordinated the process of VO formation. Two members from each CO were nominated on the consensus of the CO's members through resolution. The Village Organization consists of Six COs. The total membership of the VO is 18. Mr. Itabar Gul and Mr. Masoom Jaan



were elected as a President and Manager of the VO respectively. The election was held in a peaceful manners and all the requirements like prior intimation of the election date, polling material, allocation of signs and ballot box were arranged. In



the formation, the jurisdiction of the VO and consolidation of information regarding the COs were discussed. The VO was provided with the VO register and all the members were asked to meet at least once in a month and keep the meeting minutes in record.

Training of Trainers (TOT) on Social Mobilization- ID Unit

Training of Trainers (TOT) on Social Mobilization of the 25 staff members was conducted by EPS on 26th of February to 1st of March, 2016. Mr. Ghulam Jilani facilitated the training. Objective of the training was to equip the ID/EPS/ PPR staff with the social mobilization tools. In the said

training the participants were taught about the history of social mobilization tool.

Mr. Ghulam Jilani took sessions on three tiers of organizational structure that are CO's, VO's and LSO's, PRA Tools and enlightened the participants on the importance of CRP's role in the community



institution development.

On the last day the participants shared their views about the effectiveness and understanding of the Social Mobilization and the role of a social organizer in the community development process.



Later on Certificates were distributed among the participants on the successful completion of the training.

Community Resource Person CRPs training in Nursery Raising

Five days training in Nursery Raising was arranged for four CRPs of the different COs who were selected through CO resolutions. Trainer was Mr. Mushtaq Ahamad Agriculture Officer Kabal Swat.. The training was both theoretical and practical. The trainees were trained on nursery raising and were also thought budding and grafting practically in the nurseries of the agriculture extension. They were



also exposed to the nurseries of the Agriculture Research Station Mingawara Swat where they were briefed by research officers about the nursery raising on the field. The trainees were satisfied with



the practical demonstration and shown interest to establish their own nurseries in their concerned UCs.

Community Resource Person CRPs training in Livestock Management

Five days training in Livestock Management was arranged for four CRPs of the different COs in UC Hazara and Kuz Abakhel. These beneficiaries were selected from the different COs through resolutions. The training was provided in the main



hall of the EPS Hazara Office. The trainer was Dr. Akhtar Ali in-charge of the Veterinary Hospital Kabal. Purpose of the training was to train CRPs to work as multipiters for who further documentaion of the same training. At the end of the training in their area were destributed among the trainees.

Agriculture on -Farm Training for CIGs

Environmental Protection Society and Pakistan Poverty Elevation Fund under Batch-65 arranged a 06 day (15th to 20th February, 2016) Agriculture on Farm Training for all CIGs in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province established by other PPAF Partner Organizations. 34 participants came from all over the province Like Bannu, Laki Marwat, Nowshera,



Dassu Kohistan, Upper Dir and District Swat being nominated by various organizations like CMDO, SRSP, SRSP Kohistan, SRSP Upper Dir Sabawoon. The training was imparted at Saidu Sharif Swat.

These participants were not only trained in agriculture but also exposure visits were arranged to Agriculture Research Station Takhtaband and Fruit and vegetable Market Mingora District Swat. At agriculture station different varieties of vegetables and fruit plants were shown to the participants,



their seedling time, harvesting, insecticide spray and fertilizers management were discussed. At fruit and vegetable market trainees visited packaging materials and methods of selling fruit and vegetables. At training sessions participants learnt some of the key control issues in dealing with crop management and crop improving along with the wise use of pesticides and fertilizers. At the end of the training Executive Director EPS Mr. Akbar Zeb, congratulated the participants on successful completion of the training. Certificates were awarded to participants by Executive Director. Participants also thanked all the EPS team for taking extra care during their stay at district Swat.



Training on Digital Hubs

Environmental Protection Society and Pakistan Poverty Elevation Fund under LEED platform arranged 08 days (2nd to 10th March, 2016) training for Effective Management of Digital Hubs for all digital hubs in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. 38 participants from all over the province, Like Alpuri Shangla, Kohistan, Dir Upper, Balakot, Manshera,



Laki Marwat, Bannu, Batagram, Nowshera and district Swat nominated by various organizations like, SRSP, SANGI, SABAWON, CMDO, EPS and SDF attended the training at Saidu Sharif Swat.

The participants were trained in managing digital hubs effectively, along with finances & savings.

Trainees were also briefed about using the internet like benefiting from www.Globalgiving.org, www.facebook.com etc.

At the end of the training Executive-Director Mr. Akbar Zeb awarded certificates to the training participants.

Community Resource person training

Environmental Protection Society and Pakistan Poverty Elevation Fund under Batch-65 arranged a 06 days (23rd to 28th February, 2016) training for Craft Based Production Centers of Districts Swat and Shangla.

The fifteen participants of the training were not only trained in craft based skills but exposure visits



were also arranged to Mingawara Market and Zarghona Center Totano Bandi. Basic purpose of the visit was to link their respective products with market trends and demand. At the end of the



training participants were awarded certificates along with hand books.

Training on Audit for LSOs:

Environmental Protection Society and Pakistan Poverty Elevation Fund under Batch-65 arranged a one day (19th March, 2016) Training on Audit in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Fourteen participants came from all over the province, like Bannu, Laki Marwat, and District Swat. These participants were



nominated by various Local Support Organizations like Youth Development Organization, Bannu, Al Marwat Welfare Society, Da Ulus Khidmat, Totano Bandi Welfare Organization. and Social Welfare Society Kanju district Swat. The training took place in head office of EPS Saidu Sharif Swat. At the end of the training Project Manager Mr. Saleem Khan awarded certificates.

RM & CC Training

Environmental Protection Society and Pakistan Poverty Elevation Fund under Batch-65 arranged 06 days (11th to 17th March, 2016) training for



Naukary ya Karobar Centers Mangers in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. 32 participants came from all over the province, Like Alpuri Shangla, Battagram, Ghari Habib Ullah, Dassu Kohistan, Saraogha, Bannu, Manshera, Nowshera, Balakot and District Swat which were nominated by PPAF organizations like CMDO, SRSP, SRSP Kohistan, SABAWOON, Salik Development Foundation, SUNGI and EPS attended the training at Saidu Sharif Swat. These participants were trained in resource mobilization and career counseling. How to manage NYK center was the primary focus. CV formation, skills of interview, choosing the right business, saving from business, record keeping of business were some of the key points that were taught to trainees.

At the end of the training, Mr. Akbar Zeb Executive Director EPS awarded certificates to participants.

District Education Roundtable

Under Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF)& EPS organized District Education Roundtable on December 7th, 2015 at Swat. Eighty three participants from three tier of community organizations took port in the roundtable. National & International NGOs, Members of Provincial & National Assemblies, community activists, political leaders & Education Department were part of the event. Issues of the sector were highlighted & proposed for further actions by the provincial Government..



CRPs Training on RTE, Educational Planning & Action plan

Under Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF), EPS hired services of Children Global Networks for CRPs training on Right to Education (RTE), educational mapping & action planning. Eight individuals from each target UC (Kuz Abakhel & Hazara) participated and were trained.



PTMC Training

Environmental Protection Society (EPS) in partnership with Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF) is implementing Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) in Kabal Swat. Under the project, capacity building of the Parent Teachers



Management Committees (PTMCs) were planed. A total of Twenty PTMCs members were trained which included ten participants from each UC (Hazara & Kuz Abakhel). School Development Plans (SDPs) of all schools were developed & procurement of goods was completed and provided

to the target schools.

Tutoring Support Community Run Coaching Centers

Five coaching centers are established under Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) by the EPS, three in UC Koz Abakhel, Two in UC Hazara. Two



centers are for females while three are for males. Science subjects (Maths, Physics, Chemistry & Biology) are taught in male centers of Koz Abakhel while in UC Hazara additionally English classes are also arranged. Each center comprises of subject teacher for each subject while the education department regularly monitor these centers.

Art Competition

Under the PPR, EPS organized Art Competion events in twenty schools, ten each in UC Hazara & Kuz Abakhel. A total of 300 Students participated



in the events. Cash prizes, awards, certificates, refreshments & artistic tools were provided to students by EPS team.

Teacher Professional Development

The Society, under Program for Poverty Reduction, organized Teachers Professional Development Trainings which was held from 1-5 March, 2016. Thirty male & thirty female teachers were trained.



DRM School Safety Training

EPS under the PPR Program, Education is one of the major component. Eight trainings on Disaster Risk Management, School Safety, Health and Hygiene were conducted. Two male & two female schools were selected from each target UC & 180 parents, teachers & students were trained. Selection of four schools from UC Koz Abakhail & two from UC Hazara was made as per Implementation Plan.



School Enterprise Training:

Environmental Protection Society in collaboration with PPAF is implementing Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR). Under Education component of the Program, School Enterprise Trainings were arraned. School as enterprise training started from March 21st, 2016, and twenty participants (10 males

& 10 females) from UC Hazara & Kuz Abakhel participated in the event.



Procurement for Schools

Under the Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR), the Society carried out procurement of required tools & equipments as identified in the respective School Development Plans. Procurement Committee of five members including one person from each LSO was constituted. Tender was announced in national newspaper and a total of 11 application were received. The procurement committee asked for samples from the first three venders who quoted lowest prices for finalizing the vendor. All these tools and equipments were provided to each of the schools as per the need.



This activity greatly constituted in strengthning of the schools.

Community Training on MDGs

Three day Training (28-30 March 2016) on MDGs was arranged by PPR project under the ID unit. Mr. Sher Malik Jan was the resource person for the said training. The communities VO member were

trained on MDGs. The Master trainer explained history and objectives of the training arround all the components of the PPR project which cover the objectives of the MDGs. He further added that community organization role is more important in achieving these goals. He explained the seventeen Sustainable Development goals and trained the VO members for further implementation in their respective areas.

Training on Rural Connectivity

Rural connectivity and Current Best Practices is one of the most important need of the village organizations. In this regards three days Training on the topic from 18th to 20th March 2016. Doctor



Khalid Farooq delivered the session. The ID Manager visited the session and got feedback from the VOs trainees. Response of the audience was very positive. They added that through this training, they will be able to implement the best practices to minimize the production cost and will access the market through rural connectivity training tools.

Community Resource Person training

Ten days training in Health, Nutrition, Wash and Mother, Neonatal and Child Health was arranged by EPS through Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) Program for 12 Community Resource Persons (CRPs) including female (07) and male (05) of the different COs who were selected through CO resolutions. Trainers were Mr. Nazir, Dr. Anjum Fatma and Ms. Musarrat Rani. The CRPs were fully trained through theoretical and practical modules. After the training certificates awarding ceremony was held chaired by MNA Ms Aysha Syed. Training completion certificates were given to the CRPs by the chief guest and other related

persons. CRPs were directed to conduct 100 household sessions, in a way that each session will be delievered to around 20 participants of the concerned community. Till now 640 sessions are





conducted by
the trained
CRPs in
concerned
UCs and
about 25,000
of the
community
members are
trained in
both UCs.

Community Health Awareness campaign

Ten awareness campaign sessions regarding Health Hygiene, Nutrition, Immunization, Family Planning and MNCH activities were conducted by EPS under Program for Poverty Reduction (PPR) in different Village Organization (VOs) of UCs Kuz Abakhel and Hazara by Health Component



Manager Dr. Shaiber Mian and Health Officers (Male and Female). In the end of each session, open discussion with the participants regarding any query about health related issues were discussed and the



reservations of participants were removed. The participants appreciated the activity and promised that they will convey the message to every male and female community member being in their own interest. The Health staff and all the participants arranged a walk holding banners and awareness play cards in order to communicate health related awareness messages. Hand cart, spedal and chesal were handed over to the VO President in concerned UCs and were practically demonstrated



how to use these tools in various parts of concerned villages for cleanliness.

EPS Council Monitoring visit:

Two memberteam of EPS council(Mr. Hameed





ullah and Mr. Haseeb Khan) along with ED EPS, M&E Manager and a Photographer visited PPR office located at Hazara, Tehsil Kabal Swat on June 24, 2016.

After detailed presentation the team first visited Health Unit/BHU Aligrama, which has been established under the health unit of PPR Project. The second visit was made to the Health Care Unit (Badai) Hazara. It was a small unit trainted in running condition with the facilities of Ultrasound



Machine and other necessary tools. The third visit was to village Maloach, UC Hazara. Activities related to Institutional Development, livelihood and CPI wereunder operation. Meeting was held with the representative of the VO and COs, and the progress and status of ongoing activities was discussed. The last visit was made to Pati-bus road, which was prepared by the Maloach VO in the vicinity of the village leading to Pati-bus community. It was a good quality road with proper mix ratio and expert execution, For further improvement the visiting team suggested to provide side drains to increase durability of the road.

In Maloach Community the monitoring team was pleased to meet the two other young person came from the top of the adjacent mountain, where they have established primary school with the name of EPS Primary School. At the end of the visit, the team came with some recommendations like;



Follow up and further improvement in the good initiatives as started in Maloach Community, Possible assistance to the Health Care Unit Badai Hazara, and EPS Primary School. If it is with in the capacity of EPS/ The team also suggested regular monitoring both by the manager and the Council.

Concern Worldwide, OFDA USAID and EPS managementvisit to Shangla:

Mr. Amir Malik Director Concern Worldwide – Rapid Fund, Mr. Ali Gohar representative of USAID –OFDA, Mr. Akbar Zeb (Executive Director) EPS, Mr. Masroor Ahmad (Program Manager) and Mr. IsrarulHaq (Manager M&E) visited EPS office Besham and field area during March 2016.



The objective of the field visit was to meet with affected communities, to assess the quality of work and the remaining priority needs of the earthquake affected areas in general. Executive Director EPS welcomed the guests and presented achievements and challenges faced and briefed about ongoing activities. After the presentation, EPS warehouse



was visited and was very much appreciated by Concern RF, USAID-OFDA and EPS



management.

On second day, the team visited MaseerSar and Mareer of Union Council Sarkool. Meetings were conducted with both communities; participants of the meetings shared their experiences with the visiting team. Concern RF director and EPS management also visited the completed shelters and appreciated the hard work of the team. Mr. Amir Malik (Concern RF) also showed their interest to extend the project in other affected areas of Shangla.

World Environment Day 2016:

Environmental Protection Society (EPS) celebrated World Environment Day 2016 in Shuhada Park Saidu Sharif Swat. EPS staff, volunteers and higher management, teachers, students of KhpalKor Model School and Educator School System participated. Mr. Akbar Zeb (Executive Director

EPS) highlighted importance of clean and well managed environment and our due role in this regard. Few students also presented their views to the participants about the environment. All of the



participants held a walk in Saidu Sharif Colony. Different groups formed were assigned different streets and they cleaned all streets in the vicinity. This will create awareness regarding keeping our



surrounding clean and healthy.

Moon Soon Plantation 2016:

Environmental Protection Society (EPS) observed the monsoon plantation activity in Odigram tehsil Babuzai of Swat. In this respect, plantation



awareness campaign organized in District Swat on 8 September 2016. The purpose was to plant different species (Alpine, Olive, Urobinia and diyar) of plants in the area with the monsoon plantations as well as awareness rising through plantation campaign. Through joint collaboration with Divisional Forest department of District Swat, District forest Officer and local community participated in the plantation campaign and planted a total of 500 plants in Odigram. The District Forest Officer appreciated the efforts of EPS and its participatory approach in plantation and forest protection activities. He also recognized EPS commitment of involving the local line departments in their development initiatives.

World Forest Day 2016:

Environmental Protection Society every year celebrate international day of forest by planting trees at different locations of the district. This year the day was celebrated in collaboration and close coordination with District administration, forest department, education department and community. The event was organized by the tehsil cluster (FTC) Falahi Taraqiati Tanzeem of the community organizations at tehsil Khwazakhela.

The event was organized at primary school of BelaBaurai in tehsil khwazakhela. Apart from the community activists, elders, elected representatives and students of the school the Deputy Commissioner Swat, Conservator of Forest



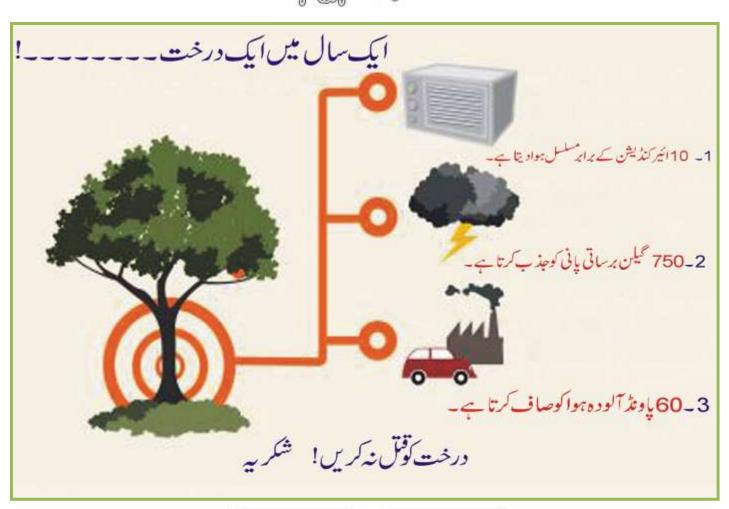
Malakand Division, DSP police khwazakhela, DFO forest and ADEO of education department also participated in the event. Total of 700 plants of different species were planted. The watering preservation and conservation of the plants will lie with the local community and cluster organization

of tehsil Khwazakhela.

Executive Director EPS welcomed all participants and thanked Deputy CommissionerSwat for giving time to such an important issue of deforestation in swat and need for collective efforts on a forestation. Community representatives highlighted different issues to the district administration.

Deputy Commissioner Swat in his remarks thanked and appreciated EPS and forest department for a coordinated efforts and planning a forestation activity in an area which is deserving and has potential for afforestation. DC pledged the district administration support to EPS and FTC for addressing community issues.







خزلې

فضل واحدمنكلور

تاريخ: ۲۰۱۹____۳۰۰۹

کلو کښي خزلي په ښارونو کښي خزلي الوزی په لارو سر کونو کښي خزلي مونږ کښي لاشعور د خپل ماحول د صفائي نشته موني سره لافكر د صحت دَ خوشحالتي نشته الوزي په لارو سركونو كښي خزلي پيدا شي مرضونه ماحول كښي چي پاكي نه وي چرته کښي يو کور د ناجوړتيا نه هم خالي نه وي په لوخو کښي خزلي، خوراکونو کښي خزلي الوزى په لارو سركونو كښي خزلي نالئي زموني سخا، ډيرانونه په کو څو کښي وي هره کندگی زمونږه کوره په ولو کښي وي کلو کښي خزلي په ښارونو کښي خزلي الوزی په لارو سر کونو کښي خزلي مونير كيني لاشعور د خيل ماحول د صفائي نشته مونير سره لافكر د صحت د خوشحالتي نشته الوزى په لارو سركونو كښي خزلي پيدا شي مرضونه ماحول كښي چي پاكي نه وي چوته کښي يو کور د ناجوړتيا نه هم خالي نه وي په لوخو کښي خزلي، خوراکونو کښي خزلي الوزى په لارو سركونو كښي خزلي نالئي زموني سخا، ډيرانونه په کو څو کښي وي هره کندگی زمونیه گوره په ولو کښی وی

جمیل میں پانی سبز ماکل نیلار مگ لیے ہوئی جب یہ آبشار تا بھتے ہے بالکل سفیدر مگ لے لیتا ہے اور شایداس وجہ سے اسے ''سین خوڑ'' (سفید یا صاف و شفاف پانی کی عدی) کہتے ہیں۔

گاؤں لدووالیس کے وقت جیل کا خارج شدہ پانی ایک گنگاتی آبٹار کی شکل میں بہتا ہوا دکھائی دیتا ہے۔ کوئی سو، ایک سویس فٹ او پر سے بیچ گرتے ہوئے پانی کو و کچوکر سیاحوں کا دل میں گدگدی ہوئے گئی ہے۔ اس کی پھوار دور دور تک جلکے جند کی سکل میں اڑتی ہوئی محسوس ہوتی ہے۔ آبٹار کے قریب تصویر تھنچنے کی خوش سے کھڑے سیاحوں کے کپڑے بلک جمیک میں سیلے ہوجاتے ہیں اور کیمرہ کی لینس کو ہر دومری تیمری تصویر کی بعد صاف کرتا پڑتا ہے۔ ایکاراجا تا ہے۔

جھیل کی سیر کرنے والے سیاحوں کو کالام یااتر وڑھ ہا آسانی'' گائیڈز''مل سکتے ہیں۔ان کا کوئی مخصوص میس نہیں ہے۔عوماً دو ہزارے لے کر پانچ ہزاررو پے تک یومیہ لیتے ہیں۔گائیڈز کی ول بھانے والی بات بیہ ہے کہ وہ استے'' کوآپر بٹائی'' ہوتے ہیں کہ محش دو تین گھنٹوں میں ان پر قبلی ممبر کا گھان ہونے لگتا ہے۔وہ نہ صرف سیاحوں کی رہنمائی کرتی ہے بلکہ انہیں دشوارگز رراستوں سے بچوں کی طرح ہاتھے کھڑ کرگز ارتے ہیں۔

یگائیڈ زسیاحوں کی ہمراہ بلکا پلکاسامان اپنے کا ندھوں رہمی لا دتے ہیں۔ان بھلے مانسوں کی بس ایک ہی خواہش ہے کہ تھومت بحرین تااتر وژسڑک (لگ بھک اکیاون کلومیش) تغییر کروائے ۔تقریباً تمام گائیڈز کی کہانی ایک جیسی ہی ہے مئی سے لے کراگست کے آخر تک یعنی چار ماہ وہ سیاحوں کدراہ تکلتے ہے اور باقی کے مہینے ملک کے گرم علاقوں میں جسم وجاں کا رشتہ بحال رکھنے کی خاطر سخت منت مزدوری کرتے ہیں۔

(بشكرييز ماسوات ڈاٹ كام)



ور شقوں کی کی وجہ سے سورج کی شعامیں وقتاً فو وقتاً تک کرتی رہتی ہیں اور پیاس بھی خوب لگتے ہے۔ چونکہ رائے میں دو تین جگہوں پر پھروں کے درمیان پانی گز ارتا ہوا و کھائی ویتا ہے، اس لئے پیاس یا آسانی بجمائی جا کتی ہے۔ بہتر ہے اگر دوران سفر پانی کی بوتل ساتھ رکھی جائے ۔ اگر پہاڑوں پر چڑھنے کی تھوڑی بہت مشق ہو، تو اس رائے سے دو سختوں میں پہنچتا جاسکا ہے۔ اس طرح کل طاکراس رائے سے ساڑھے تین گھنٹوں کی مسافت کے بعد جیل تک رسائی حاصل کی جاسکتی ہے۔

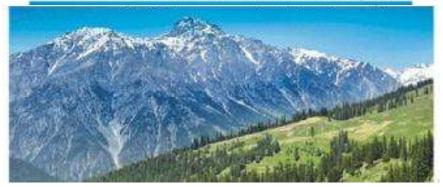


رائے میں وقتا فوقا گائیڈز بھی ہمیں جیتی مطومات فراہم کرتے ہے۔جب ہمارے میم وادی لدوسے پیدل سفر کا آغاز کیا۔ تو وادی امر وڑ کے حجد رحیم (گائیڈ) نے ایک سفید پھول کی طرف اشارہ کیا کہاس بودے کی جزہم ووا کی طور پر استعمال کرتے ہیں۔

ان کا کہنا تھا کہ''سفید پھول والے اس پورے و تمارے علاقے میں'' اپک'' کہاجاتا ہے۔ اس کی بڑا کو حاصل کرنے کے بعدا سے پہال روا تی طور پر شکھایا جاتا ہے۔ ۔ سکھانے کے بعداس پیسا جاتا ہے اور پھرا ہے و لیک تھی کی ساتھ کھایا جاتا ہے۔ کمروروک لیے بیدوا تیر بہدف نسخہ ہے۔ ایک اور پودالمہم (مرہم) بھی ہے جب چہایا جاتا ہے تو وہ چیونگ کم کی شکل اختیار کر لیتا ہے۔ اس کے مخصوں کو چہانے کے بعد ہم زخم پر رکھتے ہیں۔ زخم چاہیے کتنا ہی گہرا کیوں نہ ہوں ،ہم روایتی انداز میں مہم کو دوا کے طور پر استعمال کرتے ہیں۔ مابیک کے بودے چیل جبکہ ہم کے بودے اس سے میل کے راستے میں بکثرے بائی جاتے ہیں۔''

ایک مبرآز مامر سطے کے بعد جب سانس پھولی ہوتی ہے، پینے پھوٹ رہے ہوتے ہیں ایسے میں جب جیل پر پہلی نظر پر تی ہے، تو نہ چاہج ہوئے بھی منہ ہے۔
مارے خوشی کی چخ کلل جاتے ہے۔ سینے میں ول دھکڑ کرڑ کے لگ جاتا ہے۔ میں اکیس می کوالیس پی ایس ٹریکنگ کلب (سوات) کے مران کے ساتھ جیل پر پہنچا، توجیل کی کاروں پر اچھی خاصی برف نظر آئی۔ جیسل کی کناروں پر نیکلوں پائی میں برف کے بڑے بڑے کو رہے تھے۔ سورج اپنا پورا آب و تا ہے کے ساتھ چک رہا اتی سرداور جیز تھی کہ ہمیں گرم کپڑے انکال کر پہنٹا پڑے۔ ایس سرد ہواؤں کا راج سوات کی میدان علاقوں میں دمیر یا جنوری کے مینٹوں میں ہوا کرتا ہے۔
مجیل کی سب سے جیران کن بات ہے کہ اس میں سے پانی خارج ہونے کا بظاہر کوئی راستہ دکھائی نہیں و بتا۔ مگر پشتو کا ایک مشہور کہاوت'' داُپولارہ چاند لی؟'' (پانی

کارات کس نے روکا ہے؟) کے مصداق جیل کا پانی اٹھی پھروں کی گرائی میں اینارات لکا لئے میں کامیاب ہواہے۔



سپن خوژ: دشوار راستوں میں چھپی ایک جھیل

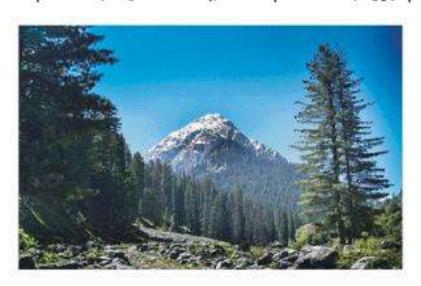
ستورى: امجد على سحاب

''سین خوز'' پشتو زبان کالفظ ہے جس کے معنی''سفید یاصاف وشفاف پانی کی ندی'' کے ہیں ۔سوات کے'' سین خورجسیل' شال کی طرف سے کنڈ ول جسیل اور مشرق کی طرف ہے دادی انز وڑ کے پہاڑوں کے درمیان واقع ہے۔

یونین کونسل از وڑ ہوات کے شلع صدرمقام سیدوشریف ہے ایک سومیس کلومیشراور کالام سے سولہ کلومیشر کی مساہت پر ہے۔ بحرین سے آھے سڑک کی حالت کافی خشہ ہونے کے دجہ سے اس برسٹر کرنے کے لئے فور ہائے فورگاڑی ایک بہترین احتجاب ہے۔

''سپین خورجیل'' تمین اطراف (مشرق، ثبال، جنوب) سے فلک بوس پہاڑوں کے درمیان گھری ہوئی ہے۔مغربی طرف سے بڑے بڑے پھروں نے جبیل کے نیلے پانی کاراستہ روک رکھا ہے جس کی وجہ سے پانی نے ان پھروں کی بچ گہرائی میں سے اپناراستہ نکال لیا ہے جوایک آبشار کی شکل میں جسیل سے کوئی ایک تھنے کی مسافت پر ینچے بھاڑ کے دامن میں گرتا ہے۔

سین خورجبیل تک رسائی دوراستوں کے زریعے حاصل کی جاسمتی ہے۔ پہلا راستہ''وادی لدو'' سے ہوکر کنڈول جبیل کی طرف سے نکلنا ہے جہاں سے کم وقت میں سین خورجبیل تک پہنچا جاسکتا ہے لیکن بیا یک انتہائی دشوارگز ارراستہ ہے اور ٹریکنگ کا تجربی ندر کھنے والوں کے لیے پُر خطر بھی ثابت ہوسکتا ہے۔



وسرارات وادی لدو میں جنگل ہے لگا ہے جو قدر ہے بہتر اور بہل ہے۔" تین خور آ بشار" کنٹنے پر خدکورہ راست مزید دو چھوٹے راستوں میں تقسیم ہوجا تا ہے۔آ بشار کی طرف کھڑے ہوکروا کی طرف کروا کی طرف کی شکل میں او پرجیل تک پہنچتا ہے۔اس راستے ہے بھل کر انسان قدرت کو اپنی تمام تر رحن نیوں کے ساتھ جلوہ کر پاتا ہے۔ کھے جنگل میں مختلف پر غدوں کی محور کن آ وازیں گویا کانوں میں رس گھولتی ہیں۔ چاروں طرف سبزہ ، ہر یا کی اور رنگ بر تے جنگل پھول آئھوں کو تر اور بھوٹے چھوٹے جھوٹے جھوٹی بری ہوگا ہے۔ اور کی محور کے شور چا کر بیاس بچھانے کے لیے اپنی طرف بلاتے رہتے ہیں۔ رہی تھی کسر ہروس پندرہ منٹ بعد مختلف گھاٹیوں میں جھوٹی برف پورا کر دیتی ہے۔ مگر اس راست کے سرائے معرف ایک مشکل ہے کہ ہے آبٹار کے مقام سے قریب ڈ ھائی تین کھٹے تک کا ایک مبرآ زیام حالہ ہے۔ واضح رہے کہ وادی لدوے تھین خور آ بشار تک کا راست تقریباً ویڑھ کی تھوٹ کا ہے۔ یوکل ملاکر بیسٹر پائی تا چھھنٹوں میں طے کیا جاسکا ہے۔ جبکہ دوسراراست آبشار کی با تیس جانب سے ہوکر سیدھا جھیل تک لے جاتا ہے۔ بیدارات تربی بھروں کے درمیان میں ہے کہ میاں تک تھوٹ کی سائیڈ تگ ہوتی رہتی ہا تا ہے۔ بیدار تک مقام سے تو کہ بیاں تقریباً ہم بارش کے چھوٹی بری سلائیڈ تگ ہوتی رہتی ہوتی رہتی ہوتی رہتی ہاں لئے اس کے اس کے اس لئے اس راست تا کی کوئی شیسے۔ سیداست بڑے تگ کے وہ سے داستے میں بڑے برے کوئکہ بیاں تک بھرے پڑے نظر آتے ہیں۔

حرف آخرید معذورافراد کے لیے جہال ایک طرف سرکاری اور غیر سرکاری سطح پر اقد امات کی ضرورت ہے ، تو دوسری طرف معاشرہ کو بھی ان افراد کے لئے اپناروید تبدیل کرٹا پڑے گا۔ خیرات اور ذکوۃ کی بجائے ان ٹوگول کی کمزوری کوان کی طاقت بنانے کی ضرورت ہے۔سرکاری ادراول میں معذورافراد کے کونہ پرمن وعن عمل درآمد کی ضرورت ہے۔

اس تحریری ذریعیان والدین کی توجیعی اس طرف مبذول کرانا ضروری ہے جو پولیو کی ویکسین کے خلاف ہونے والے یروپیکنڈا کی وجہ سے اپنے آنے والی تسلول کی معذوری کی طرف وعکیل رہے ہیں۔

(بشكرية ماسوات ڈاٹ كام)



معذوري بإطافت؟

عدتان قيوم

معذروی کی گافتسیں ہیں۔میڈیکل کی اصطلاح میں مینڈی کیے کی تعریف یوں ہے کہ کوئی بھی جسمانی یا دی گفت جو پیدائی ہویا دوران زندگی پیدا ہوا ہو، جوایک فردکوایک عام انسان کی طرح زندگی کز ارنی ہے روکتا ہو، وہ''معذوری'' کہلاتا ہے۔''ہیلینگ وینڈز''نامی تنظیم کے مرتب کردہ اعداد شار کےمطابق 2013ء کی آخرتک ملک بھر میں جسمانی معذورافراد کی تعداد پیماس لا کہ ہے۔تا ہم اصل تعداداس ہے زیادہ ہے۔ کیونکہ عموماً غیرسر کاری تنظیموں کی پینچ دور دراز علاقوں تک مشکل ہوتے ہیں ۔جبکہ وزارت پرائے ساجی جبود اور خصوصی تعلیم کے اعداد کے مطابق ملک کی آبادی کا دواعشار سے یا کچے فی صد معذور افراد پرمشتل ہے۔معذوری دوطرح کی ہوتی ہے۔ایک وجنی اور دوسری جسمانی۔ بیا یک حقیقت ہے کہ معذوری قدرت کے طرف ہے ہوتی ہے، تا ہم ہم نے معاشرہ میں اپنے مجموعی روبید کی بناء معذورا فراد کوایک الگ ذات کی حیثیت وے رکھی ہے ایک اور سم ظریفی ہے ہے کہ جسمانی اور ڈبنی معذور افراد کوہم ایک ہی طرح ہے معاشرہ میں ڈیل کرتے ہیں جس کی وجہ ہے جسمانی معذور افراد معاشرہ میں ہے قائدہ پرزے کی حیثیت اختیار کر لیتے ہیں ۔حالانکداس میں ساراقصور معاشرہ کا ہوتا ہے۔ ہمیں سیجھ لینے کی کوشش کرنی جا ہے کہ جسمانی معذور بھی ہماری طرح نارش انسان ہوتے ہے، تا ہم انھیں زیادہ توجہ کی ضرورت ہوتے ہےاورمعاشرے میں ان کے لیے سہوات فراہم کرنے کی ضرورت ہوتے ہیں۔ ندکورہ بالا دوقسموں کےعلاوہ ماہرین نفسیات کےمطابق ایک معذوری نفسیاتی پاساجی معذور بھی ہوتے ہیں۔ جب بھی ایک انسان کومعاشرہ اور گردونواح میں سب کچھ براہی نظر آتا ہےاوروہ کچھا جھاسو چینے کی کوشش نہیں کرتا۔ ناہی معاشرہ میں اپنے کر دارا داکرنے کی کوشش کرتا ہے، تو الی تخص کوانگریزی اصطلاع میں 'Pessimistic '' کہتے ہیں لیکن نفسیات کی اصطلاح میں یہ' ساجی مفلوج'' یا معذور ہوتا ہے تا ہم ایک حقیقت میجی ہے کہ اگر کوئی معدورانسان خود کواندر سے مظبوط کرد ہے، تو وہی معذوری اس کی لیے طاقت بن جاتی ہے اور اس معاشر وہیں عام لوگوں کی طرح زندگی گزارنے کاراستہ فراہم کرتی ہیں۔ پچھ ہی دنوں پہلے نیمال کے دارککومت کھلٹمنڈ میں یا کستان وہیل چیر کرکٹ ایسوی ایشن نے نیمال وہیل چیر کرکٹ ٹیم کو تین میچوں کی ٹونٹی ٹونٹی سیریز بیں تین صفرے فلست وے کر جہاں ایک طرف ملک کا نام روش کیا ہے، تو دوسری طرف کر کٹ ورلڈ کپ بیس مصروف تو می ٹیم کے لیے بھی بلا واسط ایک پیغام دیا جا تا ہے کہ جنگ اور کھیل جیتنے کے لیے جذبہ کی ضرورت ہوتی ہے۔ مراعات اور زیادہ سہولیات انسان کو کائل بنادیتی ہیں۔ ندکورہ کرکٹ ٹو رمنٹ فروری کے آخری ہفتہ میں نیمال میں کھیلا گیا تھا جس میں پاکتان کی معذورکر کٹ کھلاڑیوں کی ایک ٹیم نے نیپال کی ٹیم کوکلست دی۔ یہاں اس بات کی وضاحت بھی ضروری ہے کہ بیٹیم معذورافراد نے اپنی مددآ پ کے تحت بنائی ہےاورسرکاری سفیرا ہے کوئی سریری حاصل نہیں۔ ندکورہ کر کٹ ٹیم میں کل گیارہ کھلاڑی ہیں جو کہ جسمانی طور پرمعذور ہیں اور وہیل چیر کے ساتھ اپنی زندگی گز ار رہے ہے۔اس ٹیم میں صوبہ خیبر پختون خواہ سے صرف ایک کھلاڑی شامل ہے،جس کا نام اسداللہ اورتعلق مردان کے شہری علاقی ہے ہے۔ چھییں سالہ اسداللہ بھین سے بولیو کا منکار ہے اورا بنی زندگی اس وہیل چیر میں گزار رہی ہے۔ گذشتہ دنوں راقم نے اس سے خصوصی طور پر باتیں کیس جب وہ نیال میں ٹو رنمنٹ جیتنے کے بعد کھر لوٹے ۔ یہاں اس بات کا زکرضرور ہوجائے کہ حالیہ ٹورنمنٹ میں انھوں نے دومر تندمین آف دی چکے ،ایک مرتبہ ہیٹ بیٹس مین آف دی تھکے اورایک مرتبہ مین آف دی سریز کا اعزاز بھی حاصل کیا ہے۔ بیٹو رنمنٹ نیپال کی خود مختار تنظیم برائے معذورا فراد نے منعقد کیا تھا جس میں پاکستان کی ٹیم کوخصوصی دعوت دی گئی تھی کے ملاڑی اسدانڈ گیارہ مرتبہ پاکستان وہیل چھیر رینگ کا چمپھین بھی رہ چکا ہے۔ جبکہ 2014 میں جنو لی کوریا میں ایشین کیسز میں بھی یا کستان کی نمایندگی کرچکا ہے، جہاں دوسومیٹر اور جارسومیٹر کی دوڑ میں اس نے چھٹی یوزیش لی تقی اور طلائی تمفے حاصل کی تقی جبکہ تا جکستان میں منعقد یا کستان زور خاندایونٹ میں ویٹ لفٹنگ کے مقابلہ میں بھی دوسری یوزیشن کی ہیں۔ان کا کہنا ہے کہ ایف اے تک تعلیم حاصل کرنے کے بعدان کے زہن میں خیال آیا کہ تھیں دوسرے معذورافراد کی طرح گھر پر بوجھ بنتا ہے یا پھراپی کمزوری کواپٹی طاقت بنانا ہے۔ یہ فیصلہ کرنے کے بعدانھون

بارکین مافیا قابض ہے پارکنگ مافیاءان پر کسی طرم خان نے ورک شاپ بنائی ہے ، یا پھر یہ کس رکشہ یا ٹیکسی شینڈ کے لیے استعمال ہورہے ہیں۔ کیا یہ پوری سڑک پڑنڈ کر کے ، وا طرف Carriageway نہیں بنائے جاسختے یا اس کے شولڈرز کو ہموار کر کی انہیں ، کچی سڑک کی طور پراستعمال نہیں کیا جاسکتا۔ایک سوال یہ بھی اٹھتا ہے کہ کیا بھی ڈپٹی کشنہ صاحب یا کسی دوسرے صاحب نے چیف خشرے پوچھنے کی ذہب گواری کی ہیں میسرٹک عرصہ میں سال سے این اٹٹے اے کے سردخانے میں کیوں پڑی ہیں؟ آ دی کو بھی کھا، اسٹے گریوان میں بھی جھا تک کرد کھنا جا ہے۔

اب آتے ہے را بلک نظام کی طرف، سب سے پہلے ہمارے پولیس افران ٹر بلک میں اس مخص کو بھیجے ہیں، جو تھانوں میں کام نہیں کرتا اور جسی کام چور سمجھا جاتا ہے ۔ حالا تکہ ٹر بلک ایک علاصدہ مضمون ہے ۔ ٹر بلک کنٹرول کرنے کا نظام بھینے کے لیے با قاعدہ ایک پوراکورس کرتا پڑتا ہے ۔ ہمارے ٹر بلک وارڈ نز Traffic ۔ حالات کی علاصدہ مضمون ہے ۔ ٹر بلک میں کھڑی ہوتے ہیں۔ یہ چاروں اس انتظار میں ہوتے ہے کہ کی سوز وکی یاڈ اٹسن کو کی طرح پر چہتھا یہ جائے اور جب تک دکاران کی ہاتھوں نہیں لگتا ، یہ کھڑے گوئی گئل میں کھڑی ہو ہائل پر چکج کر کے لمی گفتگو کرتے ہے ۔ بس بھی ان کی ڈیوٹی ہے ۔ ان کو یہ گئر نہیں کہ کوئی گاڑی کس طرح اور ایک ہوتے وار کی ہوتے ٹو ٹر بلک تو انہوں کا طرح ہور کھتے بھی ہوتے ٹر بلک ہوتے ہو انہوں کو ٹر بلک ہوتے ہوں ہور کی ہوتے ٹو ٹر بلک ہوتے ہو انہوں کو ٹو ٹر بلک ہوتے ہو گئر ہوتے ہو گاڑی میں پوری شہر کا ایک چکر لگا کہ وہ کو ٹر نظر دودے کا دودے یانی کا یانی ہوجائے گا۔

قار ئین کرام! بیتمام تھا گئت ہیں ،ان باتوں پرسو پینے کے ضرورت ہے۔ ڈی ٹی اوصاحب ٹریفک کے پورے نظام کوڈی ایس ٹی ہیڈ کوارٹر کے پر دکر کے خود کو ہر کہ الذمہ کیسے قرار دے کتے ہیں بلکہ ٹریفک کے لیے علاصدہ ڈی ایس ٹی ،علاصدہ ایس ٹی اور علاصدہ اے ائی بھی مقرر کر کے اس کے لیے ایک علاصد کلمہ بنانا ضروری ہے۔ تب جا کر ٹریفک کا نظام ٹھیک ہوسکتا ہے۔ ان وقتی اور بڑ وقتی اقد امات کسی بھی بہتری تو تع کرنا دیوائے کی بڑے۔

میری این نمائندگان دفاقی وصوبائی اسمبلی سے گزارش ہے کہ ان مسائل کو اولین ترجے دے کرخصوصی طور پر چیف منسٹر کے سامنے رکھ دیں۔ اُن سے ضروری ہدایات جاری کروائیں، تمام زے داران چاہے وہ ضلع ہو، یاصوبائی ہو، این ای اے ہو، یا پھرائف ای اے ہو،سب کو بلاکران سے تمام ترکوتا ہیوں کو حوالے سے باز پرس کریں اور فور کو طور پرتمام دوسرے کام چھوڑ کر بیر مسائل حل کریں۔ تا کہ آئیجہ و سیاحتی موسم میں سیاحوں کو پہاں آئے میں سفری صعوبتیں نہ جملتی پڑیں۔ مجھے امید ہے کہ میری فہ کورہ بالا گزارشات سروخانے کے نذر نہیں کی جائیں گی۔ اللہ بمارا جامی و ناصر ہو، آئین۔



(بشكرية ماسوات دُّ الله كام)



ٹریفک نظام،سوات کا گمبیھر مسئلہ

حاجي رسول خاك

سناہے کہ اگر کسی ملک کے متعلق جاننا ہو کہ دہاں قانون کی تھم رانی کا کیا حال ہے، تو دہاں کی ٹریفک نظام کا جائزہ لیس۔اگر دہاں کا ٹریفک نظام قانون کے مطابق چل رہاہے، تو سمجھ لیس کہ یہاں قانون کی تھمل پاس داری کی جاتی ہے۔اورعوام خود کہ اور اگر دہاں ٹریفک کا نظام۔ درہم برہم ہے اور جگہ جگہ ایک ہے بہتکم جمہم اور ٹریفک جام کے مناظر دیکھنے کو ملتے ہیں، تو سمجھ لیس، کہ اس علاقہ میں قانون کی تھم رائی مفقو دہے اورعوام خود کو کسی بھی قانون کا با برٹریس بچھتے۔

محولہ بالا فارمولہ کے تحت ہم آج اپنے سوات کا جائزہ لیں مے کہ ہمارے زمے داران ، ہمارے کولیس ، ہمارے ادارے ادر بالحضوص عوام خود کو قانون کا کتنا پابند مجھتے ہیں۔سب سے پہلے ہم سڑک کا جائزہ لیتے ہیں۔

بیکام سرانجام دینے کے لیے ہم طاکنڈ کی طرف سے سوات میں دافل ہوتے ہیں۔ سب سے پہلے آپ کو ایک داختے فرق بیدد کیھنے کو ملے گا کہ مردان سے کر ضلع سوات کے بارڈ رتک سؤک کی حالت ہے، وہ نہ ہی ہوجی ہو ''ان چہ بہتر ،''اس سفر میں سوات کے بارڈ رتک سؤک کی حالت ہے، وہ نہ ہی ہوجی ہو ''ان چہ بہتر ،''اس سفر میں آپ کواحساس ہوگا کہ آپ کی مہذب اور ناشا کنتہ علاقہ میں دافل ہوئے ہیں۔ آپ کو محسوس ہوگا کہ پہنتہ سؤک کی چوڑ آئی بس اتن ہے کہ جس پر دوگا ڈیاں بدشکل ایک دوسر سے کوکراس کر سکتی ہیں۔ سڑک کے تارکولی حصے کا بیحال ہے کہ ہر دس بارہ قدم بعد ایک کھڈا آپ کے سفر کا مزول کر آکر نے کی کا خاطر مو جو در ہے گا۔ اگر کسی حکومتی ہر کا دے نے میری ان باتوں کے تصدیق کرنی ہو، تو ذرا بلٹ پر دف لینڈ کروز رہے لکل کر کسی عام می کر دااگاڑی ہیں بیٹھ کر یہاں کا درخ کر لیس ، آپ صاحبان کو بید ڈلگ چال گا' سے دمیر وسومتی گیں۔''

ندکورہ مڑک کی1992 م(نواز شریف) دور) میں این انتھ اے پیشنل ہائی وے نے توسیع اور تغییر نوشروع کی ہے لیکن گزشتہ میں سال ہے ہمیں اس پرکوئی کام ہوتا نظر میں آیا ہے۔اس دوران میں بیسڑک بھی ایف انتھ اے پاس جاتی ہے، تو بھی این انتھا ہے کے پاس اور آج کل توشائد بیالی تیسرے مکلہ فی انتھا ہے کے پاس جانے کے لیے پرتول رہی ہے۔

قارئین کرآم ابیہ ہارے اداروں ، ہمارے قائم ین صوبہ خیبر پختون خوا اور ہمارے " ہر دم مستعد" نمائندگان کی شان دارکار کردگی۔ اب اگر عوام کو دیکھا جائے ، تو انھوں نے تو قشم کھائی ہے کہ دہ سڑک کا بارش کا پانی نالی میں جائے نہیں دیں گئے کیوں کہ وہ سڑک کی نالی کو اپنے ملکیت تھتے ہیں۔ وہ اپنی گاڑی سڑک کی کنارے ہی دھوئیں گی۔ اس طرح اپنے دکان یا مقام دھوئیں گے۔ تو پانی نالی کے بچائے سڑک پر بی بہتا دیکے کرخوش ہوں گی۔ جا ہیے اس سے کسی کی کپڑے خراب کیوں نہ ہوں۔ یہ بہتی جا رہ عوام جو بھی فالتو کچرایا گذرہ وہ اس نالی میں چھینک کرخودکو بری الذمہ قرار دیں گے۔ وغیر وہ غیر وہ

قار كين كرام!مقام افسوى ب كدان تمام لوگول كديد نظرتين آتا كدسا فدسترف چورى سوك مين صرف بين فث كا حصد تاركول شده ب، جبكد دونون شولذرز يريا تو